(c) Exposed, noncurrent-carrying metal parts of portable equipment must be grounded through a conductor in the supply cable to the grounding pole in the receptacle.

(d) If the installation of the electrical equipment does not ensure a positive ground to the metal hull or equivalent conducting body, the appa-

ratus must be grounded to the hull with a grounding conductor.

§ 111.05–7 Armored and metallicsheathed cable.

When installed, the metallic armor or sheath must meet the installation requirements of IEC 92-3 or section 20 of IEEE Std 45.

[CGD 94-108, 61 FR 28276, June 4, 1996]

§111.05-9 Masts.

Each nonmetallic mast and topmast must have a lightning ground conductor in accordance with section 10 of IEC 92-401.

[CGD 94-108, 62 FR 23907, May 1, 1997]

SYSTEM GROUNDING

§ 111.05-11 Hull return.

- (a) A vessel's hull must not carry current as a conductor except for the following systems:
- (1) Impressed current cathodic protection systems.
- (2) Limited and locally grounded systems, such as a battery system for engine starting that has a one-wire system and the ground lead connected to the engine.
- (3) Insulation level monitoring devices if the circulation current does not exceed 30 milliamperes under the most unfavorable conditions.
- (4) Welding systems with hull return except vessels subject to 46 CFR Subchapter D.

§ 111.05-13 Grounding connection.

Each grounded system must have only one point of connection to ground regardless of the number of power sources operating in parallel in the system

§111.05-15 Neutral grounding.

(a) Each propulsion, power, lighting, or distribution system having a neutral

bus or conductor must have the neutral grounded.

(b) The neutral of a dual-voltage system must be solidly grounded at the generator switchboard.

§ 111.05-17 Generation and distribution system grounding.

The neutral of each grounded generation and distribution system must:

- (a) Be grounded at the generator switchboard, except the neutral of an emergency power generation system must be grounded with:
- (1) No direct ground connection at the emergency switchboard;
- (2) The neutral bus permanently connected to the neutral bus on the main switchboard; and
- (3) No switch, circuit breaker, or fuse in the neutral conductor of the bus-tie feeder connecting the emergency switchboard to the main switchboard; and
- (b) Have the ground connection accessible for checking the insulation resistance of the generator to ground before the generator is connected to the

§ 111.05-19 Tank vessels; grounded distribution systems.

(a) If the voltage of a distribution system is less than 1,000 volts, line to line, a tank vessel must not have a grounded distribution system.

(b) If the voltage of a distribution system on a tank vessel is 1,000 volts or greater, line to line, and the distribution system is grounded (including high-impedance grounding), any resulting current must not flow through a hazardous (classified) location.

[CGD 94-108, 61 FR 28276, June 4, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 23907, May 1, 1997]

GROUND DETECTION

§111.05-21 Ground detection.

There must be ground detection for each:

- (a) Electric propulsion system;
- (b) Ship's service power system;
- (c) Lighting system; and
- (d) Power or lighting distribution system that is isolated from the ship's service power and lighting system by transformers, motor generator sets, or other devices.